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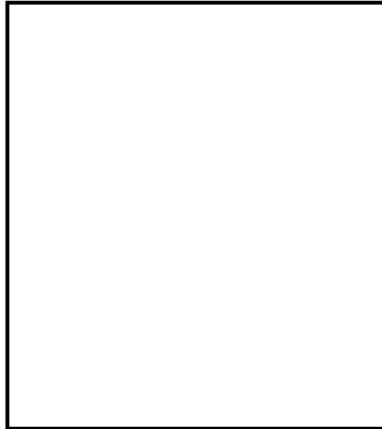
RESEARCH PROJECT No. 5

PROGRESS REPORT No. 1

RESEARCH ON THE PSYCHOLOGICAL REQUIREMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE OFFICER

Introduction

A proposal for research on the identification and definition of the psychological requirements of the intelligence officer was approved with the agreement that initial efforts be confined to interviewing staff members of TR(S). Accordingly, interviews were held with the following TR(S) staff members who had field experience during their careers:



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Based on the data obtained in these interviews, tentative definitions of the job requirements of case officers have been formulated.

It is the purpose of this report to discuss these tentative definitions and to recommend further research activity. Evaluations of these tentative definitions and recommendations made should be in terms of the proposed uses for the statement of the job requirements. Therefore, before discussing the tentative definitions and presenting recommendations for future work, the proposed uses and the demands these uses make on the statement of job requirements will be briefly reviewed.

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Proposed Used of Job Requirements

The statement of job requirements is basic to the validation of assessment. The essential steps in validation of assessment include obtaining accurate and clearly defined appraisals of the job performance of a representative sample of the individuals who have been assessed, and comparing these appraisals of actual job performance with predictions of job performance as provided in assessment reports. Information relating to job performance reported about an individual can range from a general impression as to over-all effectiveness to a report of specific actions which were judged by his supervisor to be either effective or ineffective. Similarly, an assessment report can provide information ranging from a general over-all rating of a candidate's suitability for a projected assignment to ratings and discussion of specific traits, aptitudes, and abilities important to effective future performance. Availability of precisely defined information relating to job performance and precisely defined predictions of job performance are very desirable for validation purposes since comparisons of precise information make more meaningful interpretation of findings possible.

In collecting information about an individual's performance, whether it be job performance or performance in assessment, it is essential to collect information systematically to insure that all critical areas of information will be included. Information collected and reported when job appraisals are made should pertain to all types of job performance which are critical in the sense of making the difference between success and failure in achieving the over-all goals of the organization. Similarly, information should be

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collected in assessment which will provide a basis for making predictions of job performance in critical areas.

It is the function of a job requirements study to define the critical areas of job performance. The results of such a study provide a basis for:

- (1) Developing job appraisal procedures which enable the supervisor to give systematic and comprehensive reports of critical job performance.
- (2) Developing assessment reporting procedures which will provide systematic and comprehensive predictions of job performance.
- (3) Formulating hypotheses concerning the abilities, traits, and aptitudes related to effective job performance for use in revising, selecting, and developing assessment procedures. These hypotheses are the psychological requirements.

The results can also be used as a basis for developing training evaluation procedures which provide evaluations of training performance relating to future job performance.

Proposed Method for Studying Job Requirements

The very basic nature of a job requirements study and the important uses of the results emphasizes the necessity for conducting a well designed study. In the original proposal for this study, it was indicated that special emphasis would be placed on getting detailed information relating to effective and ineffective performance of case officers. There are several reasons for basing

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a formulation of job requirements on descriptions of a large number of specific events in each of which the performance of a case officer was judged to be significantly related to the achievement of organizational goals. First, a sufficiently large and representative sample of such events will result in a comprehensive statement of the critical job requirements. Secondly, the requirements will be defined in terms of observable behavior. Thirdly, the requirements will be defined in terms of acceptable standards of performance which case officers can realistically be expected to meet rather than in terms of ideal standards which only very rarely can be met.

It is the ultimate purpose of this research, therefore, to interview a large, representative sample of those who are working or have worked very recently with case officers in field assignments and collect descriptions of events in which the performance of a case officer was judged to be especially effective or ineffective. From these data the critical job requirements will be formulated.

Formulation of a Tentative List of Job Requirements

It is time-consuming to collect and analyze a sufficient body of data to provide a comprehensive definition of job requirements based on descriptions of specific events. The need for such a definition in assessment and training evaluation activities is immediate. Therefore, it was believed desirable to formulate a tentative list of job requirements based on expert opinion. In interviews with TR(S) staff members, descriptions of especially

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effective and especially ineffective case officers were obtained. These data were used as the basis for formulating a tentative list of critical job requirements for intelligence officers.

During each interview, notes of the comments made were taken, and following the interview a list of the job requirements described by the interviewee was prepared. Upon completion of the thirteen interviews, a master list was prepared which included the data from the interview records. This list was reduced by combining those requirements which were judged to be identical or nearly identical. Then, the requirements were grouped into five major areas. These areas are:

- I. Motivation
- II. Social Relations
- III. Emotional Adjustment
- IV. Effective Intelligence
- V. Security Consciousness

The area headings were selected as convenient categories to use for organizing the individual requirements. They should be considered as descriptive headings rather than explanatory headings. It is not assumed that the requirements listed under a particular heading are highly correlated in a psychological sense, nor is it assumed that there is a low correlation between requirements listed under different categories. The requirements are formulated in terms of what the effective intelligence officer does rather than in terms of why he acts as he does.

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The completed list of requirements was reviewed by psychologists from the Assessment Staff and the Research and Validation Staff, and suggested revisions were made to eliminate existing ambiguities. The following list is the revised one.

I. MOTIVATION

- A. Accepts and supports policies and goals of the Agency.
 - 1. Maintains basic allegiance and devotion to political and cultural ideals of America.
 - 2. Accepts and supports Agency policies and regulations, including those peculiar to covert intelligence operations.
- B. Accepts responsibility for performing duties required by job.
 - 1. Works efficiently and hard, allowing a minimum of interference from distractions.
 - 2. Works overtime when required by job demands.
 - 3. Accepts and performs duties required by job, including what may be considered to be routine and menial tasks.
 - 4. Performs duties effectively for which there is little or no recognition.
 - 5. Places proper performance of assignments before personal convenience.
 - 6. Accepts responsibility for decision making required by job.
- C. Shows interest in improving effectiveness.
 - 1. Improves effectiveness by studying historical, political, and cultural background of area.
 - 2. Takes advantage of available opportunities to acquire useful skills and knowledge.

II. SOCIAL RELATIONS

- A. Is skillful and objective in evaluating the actions of agents.
 - 1. Considers all likely motives for significant actions of

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- E. Shows personal integrity in reporting activities and handling Agency funds and property.

IV. EFFECTIVE INTELLIGENCE

- A. Shows knowledge of basic intelligence, tradecraft in planning and carrying out activities.
- B. Shows resourcefulness and ingenuity in planning and carrying out work.
 - 1. Makes effective use of available skills, materials and opportunities to achieve Agency goals.
 - 2. Plans activities thoroughly including alternate plans in event of obstacles.
 - 3. Makes effective use of the experience of others in planning and carrying out activities.
 - 4. Modifies plans or procedures without delay when necessary.
- C. Makes decisions effectively.
 - 1. Reserves judgment until essential facts have been evaluated.
 - 2. Makes decisions based on proper consideration of pertinent facts.
 - 3. Makes prompt and definite decisions when required and initiates necessary action promptly.
- D. Learns and remembers area knowledge.
 - 1. Acquires and retains knowledge of area politics, culture, and key personalities.
 - 2. Acquires and retains detailed knowledge of area facilities.
- E. Prepares and analyzes reports effectively.
 - 1. Writes detailed, objective, and clear reports on his activities.

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2. Writes well organized reports.
3. Makes concise and accurate condensations of complex and lengthy reports.
4. Recognizes critical, significant, and highly relevant information in reports.
5. Identifies poorly substantiated information, inconsistencies, or fabrications in reports.

V. SECURITY CONSCIOUSNESS

- A. Considers carefully security risks when planning activities.
- B. Observes security precautions in carrying out activities.
- C. Observes security regulations during off-duty hours.

Recommendations

The following recommendations for future research are proposed:

- (1) It is recommended that the tentative list of job requirements be discussed with intelligence officers who have had extensive field experience (preferably recent) in order to obtain their judgments concerning the comprehensiveness of the list and the clarity of the definitions. It would also be desirable to obtain estimates of the importance of the various requirements in these discussions. It is recommended that the list be discussed with those members of the TR(S) staff with field experience who have not been interviewed to date and also those who have been interviewed to date as well as other available intelligence officers.
- (2) It is recommended that arrangements be made to interview intelligence officers returning for debriefings in order to discuss the tentative list of requirements with them and to collect descriptions

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of specific events in which case officers were observed to perform especially effectively or ineffectively.

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